

Titus 1:1-9

Faithful Leaders

- Paul is clearly stating that he is under divine authority.

* slave by choice * one sent
Paul, a bond-servant of God and an apostle of Jesus Christ,
 Acts 20:24
 Phil 2:17

• Why use titles of bond-servant & apostle? Phil 2:17

• As a slave of God, Paul has no plans, purposes, desires or direction of his own. 2 Cor. 5:15

[for the faith of those chosen of God] and the knowledge of the truth which is [according to godliness]

* the church

[clear perception of truth]

Word of God

John 17:17; 1 Tim 2:3-4
 Rom 10:17; 2 Tim 2:25

[leading towards]

Romans 6:22

Faith + Truth = godliness
 Titus 2:11-12 / 1 Tim 4:7-8

* The lost do not understand the truth. 2 Tim 3:7

* We cannot obey God's will if we do not know what it is.

* We must know Him and His expectations.

² in the hope of eternal life, which God [who cannot lie, promised long ages ago,

1 John 3:2-3
 Phil 3:8-11
 Rom 8:18-23

* God is the source of hope and promises.

Before time
 Eph 1:4-5
 2 Tim 1:9
 Heb 13:20

God's nature = truth
 Satan's nature = liar

³ but [at the proper time] manifested, even His word, in the [proclamation] with HIS timing

* God's Word is our only source of knowing Him, experiencing Him and glorifying Him.

preaching → 1 Cor 1:21; 2:4 / Col 1:25

↳ of what? His Word Gal 1:15-16

* preaching should: through the Word bring faith, build up in divine truth that leads to godliness.

which I was entrusted according to the commandment of God our Savior,

* God alone SAVES!

John 14:6

* Paul was commanded to preach.

* God's call upon my life is not optional.

* To Titus, my true child in a common faith. Grace and peace from [God the Father and Christ Jesus our Savior.]

* Shared

* Father & Son work together.

* Grace & peace come only from God.

* Grace & peace are gifts from the Father and Son that we experience through the work of the Holy Spirit.

* Grace & peace became a common Christian greeting.

⁵ For this reason I left you in Crete,

that you would [set in order what remains] and [appoint elders in every city] as I directed you,

* set in: "ortho" = make straight

→ churches need leaders. Emphasis on the right kind of leaders.

* Based upon the repeated themes in the letter

Titus was to make straight:

- certain doctrines (1:10-11, 13-14; 2:1)
- practices (1:12, 16; 3:9)

- Without the right leadership deceivers (1:10) and foolish controversies (3:9) will infiltrate the church.
- Ultimately, the Holy Spirit calls and equips elders. Acts 20:28

^① ^②
6 namely, if any man is above reproach,

Elders are men

↳ free from moral and spiritual charge.

* The elder is not marked by intelligence, education, influence or talent but by his moral and spiritual character measured by Scripture.

^③ ^④
the husband of one wife, having children who believe, not accused of dissipation or rebellion.

* children that follow his leadership with respect.

Early church understood
this to be a man never divorced.

OVERVIEW: An elder must be ① a man, ② moral & spiritually mature, ③ a faithful husband and ④ leading his children well.

⁷ For the overseer must be

* The Word Bishop

Not negotiable expectations

* Elder, bishop, pastor = same office

* Verse 7-8 clarify what being "above reproach" means.

above reproach as God's steward,

* Steward: Manager of the owner's household. Practically, God owns the church and the elders are given oversight.

* As stewards, elders are responsible to God for what they do or fail to do in directing and serving the church.

* Remember: ALL that we have belongs to God.

{ ① [not self-willed] ② [not quick-tempered] ③ [not addicted to wine] ④ [not pugnacious] ⑤ [not fond of sordid gain]
arrogant self-interest given to anger not a companion to alcohol physical fights unethical material gain "shady"
2 Tim 2:24

positive ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ but hospitable, loving what is good, sensible, just, devout, self-controlled,
gives practical help Phil 4:8

⑨ ⑩ ⑪ sober right minded true to divine direction & purpose
↓
stable in following Christ
Submit himself fully to Christ.

⁹ holding fast the faithful word which is in accordance with the teaching,

* The elder must be unwavering in his loyalty to Scripture.

only source of moral & spiritual truth

so that he will be able both to exhort in sound doctrine and to refute those who contradict.

2 Tim 3:16

Acts 2:42

divinely revealed truth (John 17:17)

Why all the qualifications?

* Exhort: to urge, beseech & encourage

* Sound: being healthy (our English word hygienic)

* Sound doctrine provides spiritual health

* Refute: to speak against

* Contradict: oppose (context: oppose sound doctrine)

Elders must be prepared mentally, morally & spiritually to proclaim and defend God's Word.

Reflection Questions

- How would you describe yourself?
- see verse 1
- How do we seek godliness?
- see verse 1
- How important is the Word of God?
- Why does the church need the right leader?
- Why are the qualifications of an elder important?
- How faithful are you in seeking sound doctrine?